

Live Attenuated Shingles Vaccine

Vaccination,
the best protection

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Vaccination is the best protection against shingles and its complications. Shingles only appears in people who have already contracted varicella (chicken pox). Shingles is the result of the varicella virus being reactivated, as if varicella developed in a nerve. Shingles occurs at any age, but more frequently among the elderly. You cannot catch shingles from someone who has it. You can, however, catch varicella by direct contact with a shingle's lesion.

Disease	Signs and symptoms	Possible complications
Shingles	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Painful skin rash on one side of the body along the path of a nerve, lasting 2 to 3 weeks• Skin rash and tiny blisters that break and form a crust in the painful area	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Scars• Infected blisters• Pain for several months along the path of the affected nerve (neuralgia)• Impaired vision if the shingles affects the face• Infection over the whole body• Death

The vaccine

Vaccination is the best protection against shingles and its complications. The live attenuated vaccine is allowed for people age 50 and older. It is approximately 65% effective in preventing shingles, and this effectiveness is reduced with age. The inactivated shingles vaccine should be preferred when possible. When shingles occurs despite vaccination, the risk of neuralgia is reduced by almost half.

Symptoms after vaccination

Some symptoms may be caused by the vaccine (e.g. redness at the injection site). Other problems may occur by chance and are not related to the vaccine (e.g. cold, gastro, headache).

Live attenuated shingles vaccine is safe. In most cases, it does not cause any reaction.

Frequency	Possible reactions to the vaccine	What to do
Very often (less than 50% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pain, redness and swelling at the injection site	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply a cold, damp compress at the injection site.• Use a medication for fever or discomfort if needed.• See a doctor if symptoms are severe.
Often (less than 10% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Itching and warmth at the injection site	

We recommend that you stay at the clinic for at least 15 minutes after vaccination because allergic reactions may occur. If an allergic reaction occurs, the symptoms will appear a few minutes after the vaccination. The person giving the vaccine will be able to treat this reaction immediately.

For any questions, contact the person giving the vaccine, or Info-Santé 8-1-1 or your doctor.