

Injectable Flu Vaccine

| September 2018 |

Vaccination,
the best protection

Vaccination is the best protection against the flu and its complications. This vaccine does not protect against colds and respiratory infections caused by other viruses.



Disease	Signs and symptoms	Possible complications
Flu	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fever• Coughing• Fatigue• Headache• Muscle soreness• General feeling of illness	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ear infection• Sinusitis• Bronchitis• Pneumonia• Death

IMPORTANT

It's up to you to make an appointment with the CLSC or with your doctor.

Next appointment
for vaccination:

Information on the Injectable Flu Vaccine

Vaccination is the best protection against the flu and its complications. The vaccine may be given starting at 6 months old. It is recommended for people at higher risk of flu-related hospitalization especially those with chronic illnesses. Flu vaccination is also recommended for people who may pass the disease to them, that is members of their household and their caregivers.

The vaccine must be given each year, in the fall. Children under 9 years of age who have not previously been vaccinated against flu receive 2 doses of the vaccine, 1 month apart.

Some symptoms may be caused by the vaccine (e.g. redness at the injection site). Other problems may occur by chance and are not related to the vaccine (e.g. cold, gastro, headache).

Injectable flu vaccine is safe. Most reactions are harmless and do not last long.

Frequency	Possible reactions to the vaccine	What to do
In most cases (more than 50% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pain at the injection site 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply a cold, damp compress at the injection site. Use a medication for fever or discomfort if needed. See a doctor if symptoms are severe.
Very often (less than 50% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pain and swelling at the injection site Muscle soreness, joint pain, headache, fatigue 	
Often (less than 10% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bruising or itching at the injection site Fever, shivering and discomfort, particularly in persons vaccinated for the 1st time against flu Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain Red eyes, sore throat, coughing, difficulty breathing; this is referred to as <i>Ocular respiratory syndrome</i> (ORS) 	
Sometimes (less than 1% of people)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Facial swelling; this reaction is part of ORS Skin rash Dizziness Swollen glands 	
Rarely (less than 1 person in 1,000)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convulsions Numbness, neuralgia (pain along the path of a nerve) 	

There is also a very small risk of developing Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) after receiving the flu vaccine. The risk is probably about 1 case in 1 million adults vaccinated. This syndrome causes progressive, reversible paralysis, which can sometimes leave permanent effects. The cause of GBS is unknown. Most cases occur after an intestinal or respiratory infection, including flu, especially in young adults and the elderly.

We recommend that you stay at the clinic for at least 15 minutes after vaccination because allergic reactions may occur. If an allergic reaction occurs, the symptoms will appear a few minutes after the vaccination. The person giving the vaccine will be able to treat this reaction immediately.

FOR ANY QUESTIONS,
contact the person giving the vaccine,
or Info-Santé 8-1-1 or your doctor.